

# PARTS A TURE A TURE

STEYR DAIMLER PUCH OF AMERICA CORP

# CONTENTS

# PART 1

SECTION I	PAGE N	NUMBER
Routine Maintenance Chart		5
Recommended Lubricants		6
Lubrication and Maintenance Procedures	ė	7
SECTION II - ENGINE, CLUTCH, REDUCTION GEAR		
Special Tools	. 1	16
Technical Data		18
Exploded Engine View		20
Dismantling		21
Specification, Tolerances		25
Assembling		28
Installing	3	35
SECTION III - FUEL SYSTEM AND CARBURETION		
Carburetor	. 3	38
SECTION IV - IGNITION SYSTEM		
Ignition Timing		10
Wiring Diagram		12 14
SECTION V - FRAME AND FORK ASSEMBLY		
Frame		16
Rear Swing Arm	4	16
Shock Absorbers	. 4	16
Front Suspension	4	17
SECTION VI – HUBS AND BRAKES		
Brakes		60
Front and Rear Hubs	5	60
SECTION VII - TORQUE SPECIFICATION, CONVERSIONS		
Torque Specification		
Metric Conversions Table		i2 i3
PART 2		
Parts Manual	. 5	57



# l. REPAIR

STEYR-DAIMLER-PUCH OF AMERICA CORP.

# SECTION I

#### **LUBRICATION AND MAINTENANCE**

#### **ROUTINE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE:**

The general and periodic maintenance required for the MAGNUM X is clearly described in the following pages, and should be performed at the mileage (hourly) intervals shown in the following chart.

#### **LUBRICATION AND MAINTENANCE CHART**

#### **LUBRICATION AND MAINTENANCE CHART**

The following periodic maintenance can be carried out at home

Pre-riding check list	After 300 mi. (20 hours)	After 600 mi. (40 hours)	Job Description	
•	•	•	Check front and rear wheel brake, adjust if necessary	
_	•	•	Check spark plug and clean	
-	-	•	Clean carburetor, fuel cock and fuel line	
•	•	•	Check air cleaner, clean if necessary	
	•	•	Check chain tension	
_	•	•	Lubricate chain	
1_	:—	•	Check the chain and sprockets for wear	
•	•	•	Check cables	
_	•	•	Grease chassis parts	
_	•	•	Check transmission oil level	
•	•	•	Check bolts and nuts for tightness*)	
•	•	•	Check tire pressure	
•	•	•	Check position of inflation valves	
•	•	•	Check wheels and tires, spokes for tightness	
_	_	•	Check steering bearing	
_	-	•	Decarbonize the engine	
_	-	•	Decarbonize exhaust	
	×—	•	Check hub bearings, replace if necessary	
_	•	•	Check oil in transmission	

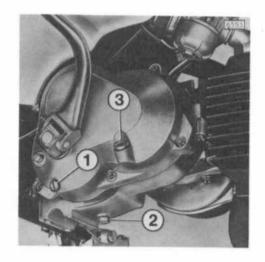
# RECOMMENDED LUBRICANTS

GASOLINE-OIL MIX			
Mixture of regular gasoline (leaded).     Mixture ratio 50 : 1 with special two stroke oil.			
Assembled as property abstract about a least and			
TRANSMISSION FLUID			
7,44 oz (220 cc) Automatic Transmission Fluid, Type "F	F",		
MACHINE LUBRICATION			
GREASE (TYPE) LUBRICATION			
Lithium base grease		the (i)	
Littlium base grease			
OIL (TYPE) LUBRICATION			
SAE 90			
ONE 30			

#### LUBRICATION

#### CHANGING THE TRANSMISSION FLUID

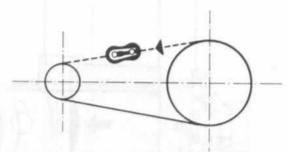
Warm engine up. Remove fluid level plug (1) and drain plug (2). Incline machine somewhat to the right so that the fluid may escape entirely. Through the filler hole (3) fill approx. 7,44 US-oz.fl. (220 cc) of Automatic Transmission Fluid (Type "F" only). If the fluid level is correct, refit plug and filler plug. At any oil change clean oil drain plug from metal chips.



Cleaning and oiling the chain

#### CAUTION: ENGINE SHOULD NOT BE RUNNING.

The long life of chains depends to a great extent on care and maintenance. Chains should always be cleaned and lubricated regulary. Never ride with a dry chain. When refitting the chain, take care that the tension is correct and the connecting link is properly placed — with the closed end pointing in the direction of chain travel.



Greasing cycle parts
By means of lubricating grease

Front and rear wheel bearings.
Steering head bearings.

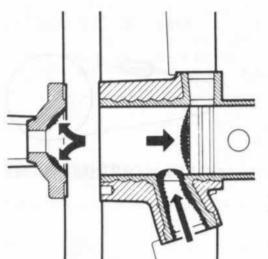
By means of oil
Brake adjusting screw on front and rear wheel.
Chain tensioning screws.
Working surfaces of both brake levers.
Side stand bearing.
Foot rest bearings.
Drive chain.



Please contact an authorized PUCH Service Center for work you do not wish to carry out yourself. The agent will be pleased to advise and help.

#### Checking spark plugs

Unscrew spark plug, connect to high tension lead and place plug body to ground, for instance on the cylinder head. A strong spark must be visible between the spark plug electrodes when operating the starter. Oiled up plugs or dirty electrodes do not spark and must be cleaned first with a piece of wood or a steel wire brush. Fit only replacement plugs having the recommended heat value (see technical data).



#### MAINTENANCE

Decarbonizing the engine

Carbon deposits on the cylinder head, piston crown and in the exhaust ports are normal with all two-stroke engines and can eventually lead to trouble if not removed in time. Combustion deposits from oil as well as from fuel must therefore be removed regularly.

Cylinder head and piston crown

Carbon deposits on the cylinder head and piston crown should be removed only with a soft, blunt edged instrument to avoid damage to the light alloy casting. Scratching should be avoided since every new scratch will harbour more carbon in future use.

Only scally deposits need be removed from the piston crown, there is no need to disturb the piston if it is covered only by a uniform layer of oil carbon. Before refitting the cylinder head, thoroughly remove all carbon deposits and scrapings from the cylinder wall with a nonfraying soft cloth and smear the surface lightly with motor oil. Before assembly, turn over the engine a few times to make sure it runs easily. Then clean the jointing surfaces with a clean rag. Tighten the four cylinder head nuts crosswise 7 ft/lb (10 Nm).

#### Exhaust port

In order to clean the exhaust port, remove the exhaust pipe. By cranking, turn the engine over (with the spark plug removed to reduce compression) until the piston reaches its lowest point. Remove the oil carbon from the exhaust port. Cautiously take care not to damage the piston or cylinder working surfaces.

#### Cleaning the air cleaner

Remove the right hand engine shroud. Undo retaining strap from rear of carburetor and remove filter. Clean filter with gasoline or similar cleaning material, blow completely dry with compressed air and spray filter element lightly with engine oil. Replace by reversing removal steps.

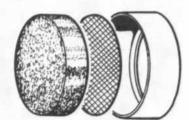
Cleaning the fuel pipes and lines

Empty fuel tank.

Pull the fuel pipe from the fuel valve and carburetor and blow it clear. Unscrew the fuel valve.

Clean the valve and strainer by means of gasoline.





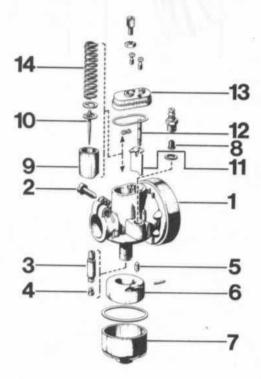
#### Cleaning the carburetor

Cleaning the main jet, needle jet and float chamber.

- 1) Close the fuel valve.
- 2) Remove the right hand engine shroud.
- 3) Remove the air cleaner.
- 4) Loosen carburetor clamping screw.
- 5) Pull the fuel pipe from the carburetor.
- 6) Remove carburetor from the intake manifold.
- Undo top cover screws and pull out the top parts with throttle piston and choke.
- 8) Screw off the float chamber.
- Unscrew the main jet, being located in the needle jet, and clean by blowing through or by using a stiff bristle. Never use a piece of wire. Also, unscrew needle jet and clean.
- 10) Clean the float chamber with gasoline.
- 11) Wash carburetor body and blow through. Make sure that the bores are not clogged with dirt.
- 12) When refitting the jets, tighten them properly.







Adjusting the idling speed

1) Warm up the engine.

2) Completely close the twist grip (throttle down).

 If the engine threatens to stall, screw in the adjuster (see arrow) until the engine, in warm condition, regains its even tickover.

Now, with the idling adjusted, adjust the play of the throttle control cable.

- 1) Loosen counter nut of the cable adjuster.
- 2) Screw counter nut of the cable adjuster until there is a play on both the throttle cable and the throttle twist grip. The cover of the throttle cable can be pulled out from the cable adjuster by appr. .040 in. (1 mm), before the throttle slide is lifted, i. e. before the engine starts running faster.
- Maintain position of the adjuster and tighten the counter nut.

#### Exploded view of the carburetor

- 1 Carburetor body
- 2 Throttle slide stop screw
- 3 Needle jet
- 4 Main jet
- 5 Float needle
- 6 Float
- 7 Float housing
- 8 Fuel strainer
- 9 Throttle slider
- 10 Jet-needle
- 11 Choke valve
- 12 Choke lever
- 13 Top cover
- 14 Slide spring.

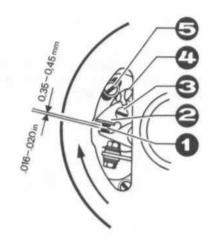
Checking the ignition system

Ignition timing

The engine will reach maximum output if the ignition is correctly adjusted. This is a very specialized operation and should be left to your service agent.

For correct ignitition timing, the following points should be taken into account:

- 1) breaker point gap.
- 2) Firing point.



Check and adjust the gap through the windows in the flywheel magneto (after removing the cover). When adjusting the breaker gap (1) loosen the fastening screw (3) enabling the anvil (2) (fixed contact) to be removed. For readjusting the position of the anvil, put a screwdriver into the setting seat (4). If the gap has been altered, it is necessary to check the ignition point.

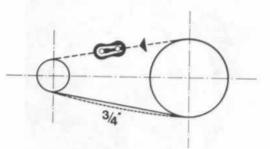
For correct adjustment of the ignition timing see Section IV, page 42.



#### Checking drive chain tension

The proper slack of the chain midway between the sprockets should be (3/4 in.) about 2 cm.

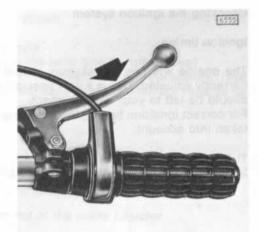
To readjust the chain, loosen both axle nuts and tighten both chain adjusters uniformly. This procedure enables the back wheel to be kept in track. Retighten both axle nuts.

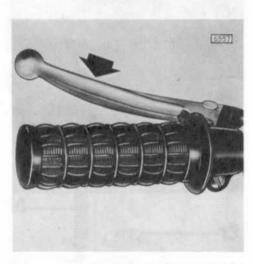


#### Checking the brakes

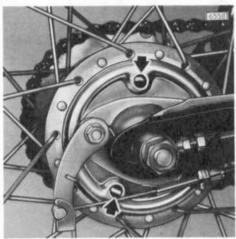
#### Front brake

The correct free travel measured at the end of the handbrake lever is <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> in. (2 cm). Readjust by means of the adjusting screw (A).









#### Rear brake

The correct free travel (measured at the end of the handbrake lever) is <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> in. (2 cm). Readjust by means of the adjusting screw (B).

#### Front and rear brake linings

Remove the rubber plugs from the inspection holes (see arrows) and insert a flat feeler gauge between the brake drum and the brake lining. The gap should not exceed .050 in. (1.2 mm) at either inspection hole. If it does, the brake linings must be replaced. Disconnect cable before measurement is taken.

#### REMOVING THE FRONT WHEEL

Undo flexible speedo shaft at the speedometer drive.

Remove cable adjuster (1) and disengage brake cable. Unscrew both axle nuts (2).

Remove the wheel.

Checking and greasing the hub bearings. Refer to Section Front and Rear Hubs.

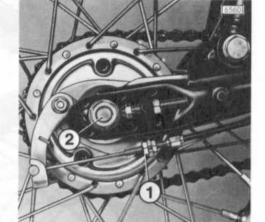
Checking and greasing steering head bearings. Refer to Section V. Front Suspension.

Retighten nuts and bolts

Check nuts and bolts for tightness. Above all, be sure that the engine fixing bolts, the wheel axles and the shock absorbers are tight.

Retighten cylinder head nuts every 5 operating hours.





#### REMOVING THE REAR WHEEL

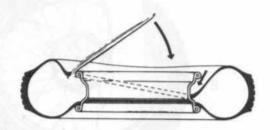
Loosen brake adjusting nut and disengage brake cable (1). Remove both axle nuts and remove axle (2). Install wheel and axle in the reverse procedure to dismantling.

#### Changing tires

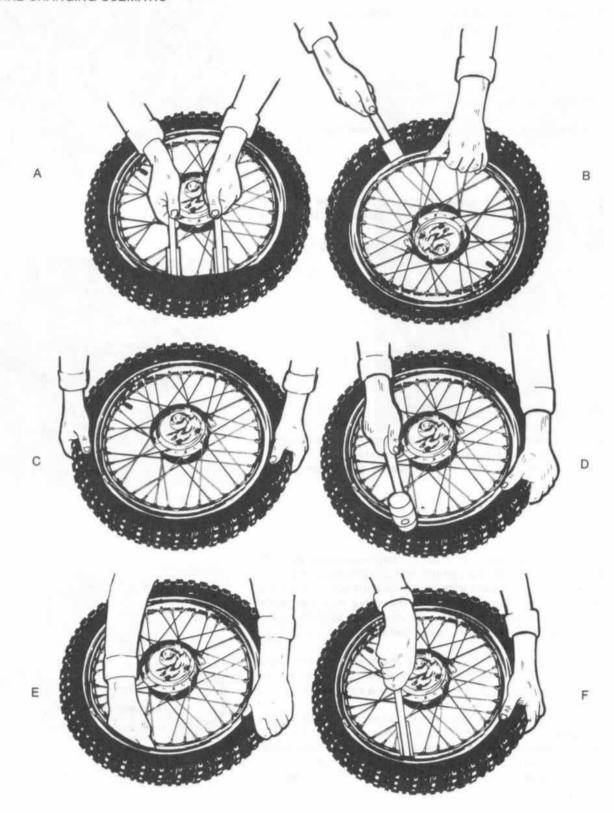
To remove tire, unscrew valve cap, depress valve needle to let out the air, unscrew rim nut and completely press back valve. Loosen the steel wire reinforced tire section from the rim, and press the tire opposite the valve into the center groove of the rim. This gives sufficient space to lift the tire at the valve end over the rim with the tire lever.

Hold the tire outside the rim with the tire lever, and work round the rim with the second lever until the whole circumference of the tire is outside the rim.

Now, remove inner tube. When assembling, fit lightly pumped-up inner tube coated with chalk into the tire, having already fitted half of the tire over the rim. Ensure the tube is not jammed or twisted and make sure that the rim band separating the tube from the rim is flat in the rim center well.



TIRE PRESSURES
FRONT — 11—18 PSI (0.8—1.3 bar)
REAR — 14—21 PSI (1.0—1.5 bar)
TIRE CHANGING SCEMATIC



# **SECTION II**

**ENGINE, CLUTCH, REDUCTION GEAR** 

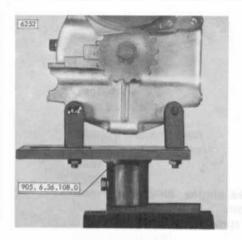
# SPECIAL TOOLS

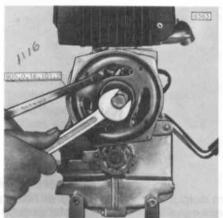
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D	AS	Cri	nt	ior	١.
-	00	011	100	101	٠.

1	Engine Holder	905.6.36.108.0
2	Locking device for flywheel*)	905.0.16.101.2
3	Flywheel Puller	050.7012
4	Main bearing puller	905.6.34.112.0
5	Clutch extractor	905.6.34.109.0
6	Pressing sleeve for main bearing	350.1.70.012.0
6	Support plate	905.0.33.104.1
7	Connecting rod brush remover	905.6.33.105.0
8	Reaming and centring tool for connecting rod brush	905.6.17.101.0
9	Dial indicator	normal workshop equipment
9	Dial indicator holder	905.6.32.101.0
10	Ignition timing device	905.0.12.101.0
11	LDW Scale OHM Meter	906.6.21.001.0
	Feeler gauge	normal workshop equipment
	Caliper rule	normal workshop equipment
	Torque wrench	normal workshop equipment
12	Spoke spanner	905.6.35.401.2
	Cup installer	905.6.34.501.0

<sup>\*)</sup> Alter your existing locking device by simply grinding the two pins on the inside to allow them to be placed inside centrifugal clutch.

# SPECIAL TOOLS

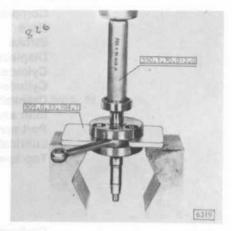


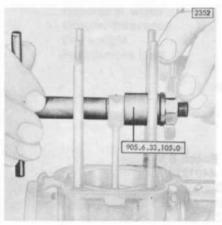








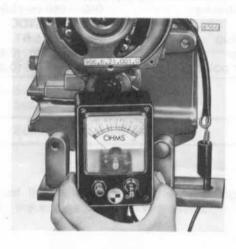


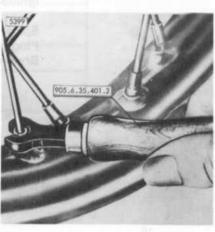












# **TECHNICAL DATA**

#### Engine

Type Maximum output

Maximum torque

Compression ratio

Bore Stroke

Displacement Cylinder material

Cylinder head Crankshaft Inlet and exhaust Port control

Lubrication Top speed 1-cylinder-2stroke engine, air-cooled

3.5 hp at 7000 rpm

2.75ft/lb at 5000 rpm (0.38 mkp)

8.5 : 1 (11 : 1) 1.49 in. (38 mm) 1.69 in. (43 mm)

48.8 cc

Alu-alloy with cast iron liner

Alu-alloy Steel Ports Piston

Petroil lubrication 50:1 20 m.p.h. (32 km/h); without restrictive devices

31 m.p.h. (50 km/h)

#### Carburetor

Type Main jet Needle jet

Needle Needle position Bing 1/17

84 2.20 1

3rd notch from top

#### **Electrical equipment**

Ignition

Magneto ignition, Bosch 6 V to engine number 4401270

RCP1 0212 124 043

from engine number 4401271

RCP1 0 204 110 002

Ignition timing

.040-.050 in. (1.0-1.2 mm) in

advance of TDC Champion L5

Spark plug Plug gap

Breaker point gap

.016—.020 in. (0.4—0.5 mm) .014—.018 in. (0.35—0.45 mm)

## **TECHNICAL DATA**

#### **Transmission**

Gearbox

1-speed gearbox

Type of gearbox

1-speed automatic transmission

Clutch

Centrifugal running in oil

Primary transmission Secondary transmission Helical gears Chain 1/2"x3/16"

Gear ratios

Engine gear 106:21, i = 5.05

Gear rear wheel Frame

34:13, i = 2.61\*)Tubular frame

Suspension front Suspension rear

Telescopic fork, 3.14 in. (80 mm) spring travel Control arm with suspension unit, 2.16 in. (55 mm)

spring travel

Brakes

Internal expanding shoe brakes

Dia. of brake drums Tire, front

3.49 in. (90 mm)

Tire, rear

 $2.50 \times 14$ 2.75/3.00 × 12

Tire pressure,

11, -18, /14, -21, psi

front/rear

(0.8-1.3/1.0-1.5 bar) depending on the type of

terrain and the weight of the rider.

Fuel tank

0.39 US-gal; 3.5 litres

#### **Dimensions**

Wheelbase Overall length Handlebar height Handlebar width Ground clearance 39.3 in. (1000 mm) 58.6 in. (1490 mm) 34.6 in. (880 mm) 26 in. (680 mm)

Dry weight

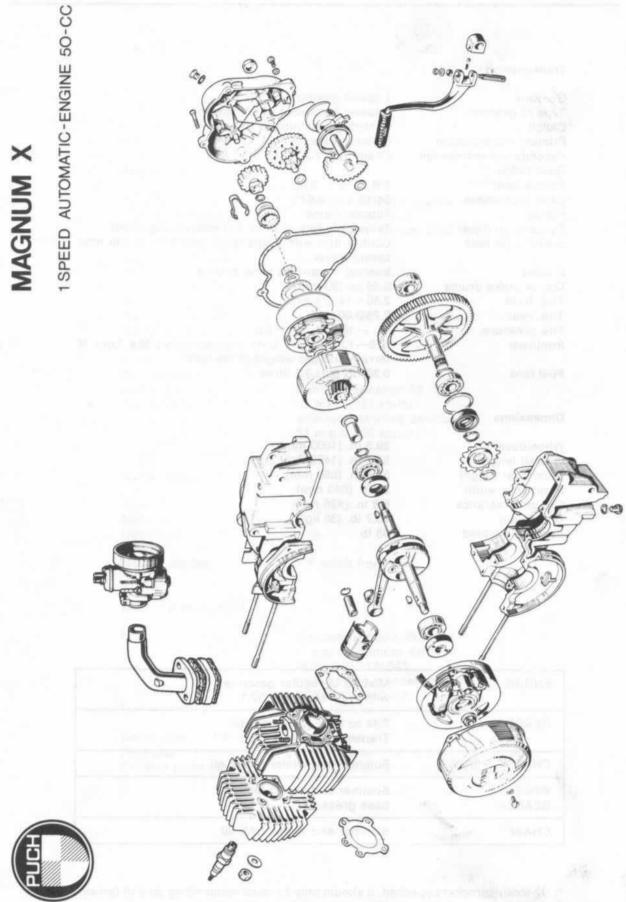
6.8 in. (175 mm) 83.7 lb. (38 kg)

Permissible load

98 lb.

ENGINE	Mixture of regular gasoline with Puch Maxi Mix 50:1	
GEARBOX	7.44 oz (220 cc) Automatic- Transmission-Fluid Type "F"	
CHASSIS PARTS	Summer and winter motor oil	
WHEEL BEARING	Summer and winter Lithium base grease	
CHAIN	Summer and winter SAE 90	

<sup>\*) 12-</sup>tooth-sprocket bypacked. It should only be used when riding on soft terrain. When riding on solid terrain the engine might be overreved.



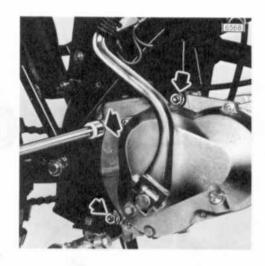


#### **ENGINE REMOVAL**

Place the moped on a bench and support by its side stand. Remove transmission drain plug and drain transmission oil.



Remove left and right engine shrouds.
Disconnect fuel line.
Remove carburetor from manifold.
Remove engine wiring from junction block.
Remove exhaust system.
Remove three (3) engine mounting bolts (arrows).
Remove engine.



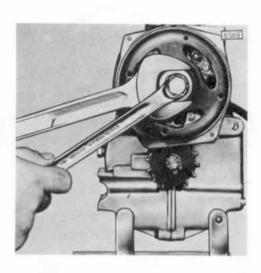
#### ENGINE DISASSEMBLY

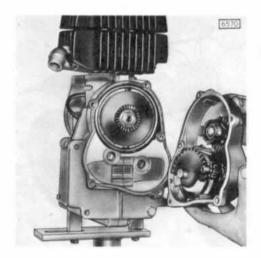
Place engine into engine holder (905.6.36.108.0).

Remove magneto cover, lock flywheel with locking tool (905.0.16.101.2) and remove crankshaft nut. Using puller (050.7012), remove flywheel.

NOTE: Do not lose woodruff key. Remove magneto stator plate.

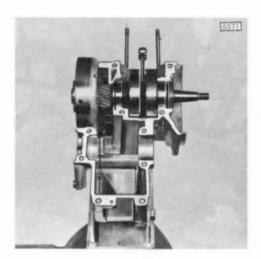
Remove cylinder head, gasket, cylinder and cylinder base gasket.





Remove kick-starter, clutch cover screws and clutch cover assembly.

Remove circlips from piston, press out the wrist pin and remove the piston.



Mount engine in engine stand so that the lower crankcase half is facing upward.

Remove all crankcase screws.

Tap crankcase lower half with a soft hammer to loosen sealant grip.

Remove lower crankcase half.

Crankshaft/clutch assembly and transmission main shaft assembly may now be removed.



Using aluminum jaws, clamp clutch side flywheel in an vise.

**CAUTION:** Do not clamp crankshaft with both webs in vise (lutch side only) or damage to crankshaft is unavoidable.

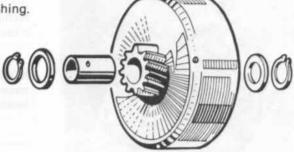
Remove the clutch hub retaining nut, retainer washer engaging disc and friction damper.

Use special puller 905.6.34.109.0 to remove centrifugal clutch from crankshaft.

**NOTE:** Clutch assembly may also be dismantled with the engine still mounted in the frame.



Remove circlip, thrust washers, clutch drum and bushing.



NOTE: Transmission main shaft and primary drive gear are pressed together and must not be disassembled.

Remove retaining circlip and chain sprocket.

Remove second circlip, oil seal, snap-ring, bearing and third circlip.



Using puller 905.6.34.112.0 to remove main bearings from crankshaft.

#### Crank case

Remove all traces of sealing compound and gaskets, thoroughly clean all parts in degreasing solvent and visually inspect all parts for wear and damage.



Dismantle kick-starter assembly

Remove engaging gear (1) with start brake spring. Remove the thrust washers from starter shaft and intermediate gear. Remove starter gear (2), spring guide (3) with spring from clutch cover.

**NOTE:** It is not warranted to dismantle the kick start assembly on a small engine repair, only on a dissatisfactory operation.



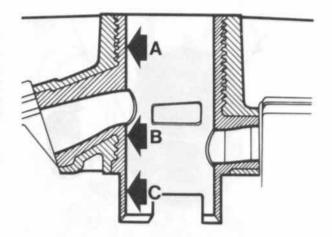
Remove intermediate starter wheel from clutch cover. Check all parts for wear and replace if warranted. Always replace the starter shaft seal, when removing the starter shaft from the clutch cover to prevent oil leakage from transmission. Sealing lip facing outbourd.

## **ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS & TOLERANCES**

#### MEASURING THE CYLINDER

The bore must be measured at six positions, once parallel with and once diametrically opposed the wrist pin at the three positions indicated in fig. The specified temperature of 68° F (20° C) is important if reliable results are to be obtained. To read the results swivel the unit in the directions indicated by the arrows in fig. The lowest position of the pointer indicates the bore diameter.

Maximum permissible ovality of cylinder: .002 in. (0.03 mm).



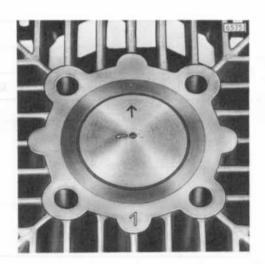
#### Piston-cylinder

Piston and cylinder are matched together and marked on the piston crown and on the joint surface of the cylinder top.

#### SORTING TABLE

Group	Cylinder Diameter	Piston Diameter	
1	1,4961 in. – 1,4964 in. 38.001 mm – 38.008 mm	1.4943 in. – 1.4947 in. 37.956 mm – 37.965 mm	
2	1.4964 in. – 1.4967 in. 38.009 mm – 38.016 mm	1.4947 in. – 1.4951 in. 37.966 mm – 37.975 mm	

NOTE: The 0/size pistons are available for the MAGNUM-Cylinder only. The boring has to be done locally.



Piston/cylinder clearance limits

Ring gap

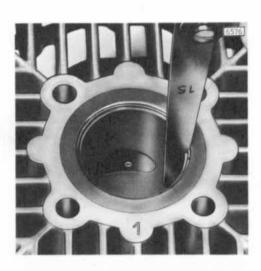
.006-.018 in. 0.15-0.30 mm

MAGNUM-Cyl. Mi

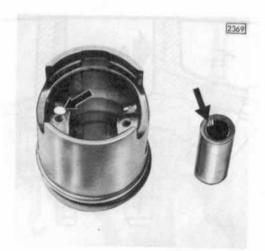
Min. .001 in. (0.029 mm)

Max. .002 in. (0.055 mm)

**NOTE:** When boring a cylinder for 0/size piston, note piston sort type number, and refer to respective sorting table and add .0098 in. (0.25 mm) to cylinder sorting (diameter) size.



# **ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS & TOLERANCES**



Wrist pin/piston fit is matched and coded as follows:

- yellow or blue dot inside piston

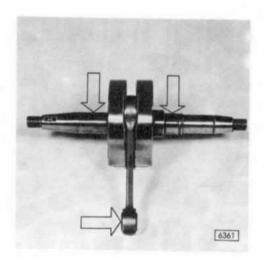
- 2 or 3 dots on end of wrist pin (fig. 11).

#### Small end bush

Fitting limits .473— .474 in. 12.008—12.020 mm

Wear limit .475 in. 12.025 mm

77913		SORTIN	NG TABLE	150(1190-10)	
	Wrist pin boss		Wrist pin	TIPO DAE PRODUCTION	
Group	Diameter	Group	Diameter	Clearance	
yellow	.4728— .4727 in.	2	.4726— .4724 in.	.0001— .0003 in.	
	12.008—12.006 mm		12.003—12.000 mm	0.0030—0.0085 mm	
blue	.4727— .4726 in. 12.006—12.003 mm	.4727— .4726 in.	2	.4726— .4724 in.	.0001— .0002 in.
			12.003—12.000 mm	0.0005—0.0060 mm	
		3	.4725— .4723 in.	.0001— .0003 in.	
			12.000—11.997 mm	0.0035—0.0090 mm	



#### CHECKING CRANKSHAFT BY SIGHT

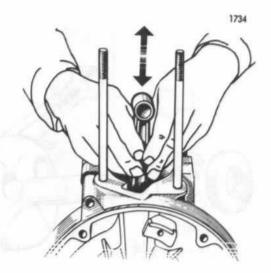
Whenever dismantling or fitting a new crankshaft, check bearing seating and seal running areas. Repair works to the crankshaft are not possible.

**NOTE:** A out of balance or damaged crankshaft will have to be replaced.

# **ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS & TOLERANCES**

**CAUTION:** If over-heating, jamming or wear is apparent, crankshaft assembly must be replaced.

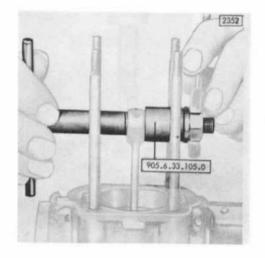
Firmly grasp connecting rod and check for big end bearing wear. If rod is free but no play is noticeable, big end bearing is in good condition.



Before assembling an engine, always check the small end bush for wear. If excessive wear is noticeable replace small end bush.

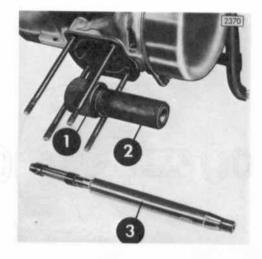
#### REPLACING SMALL END BUSH

Use special tool 905.6.33.105.0 to remove and replace bush.

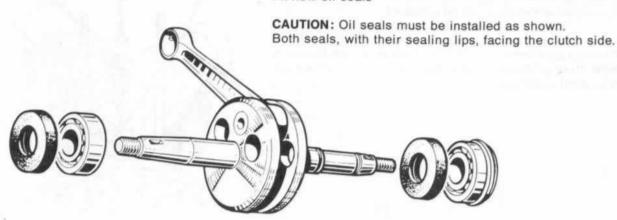


For centralizing and reaming use special tool 905.6.17.101.0. To enable accurate reaming place centralizing nut (1) over little end, insert guide sleeve (2) in centralizing nut.

Insert the reamer shaft (3) in guide sleeve and centralize tool over little end bush. Tighten guide sleeve to centralizing nut.



Fit new oil seals

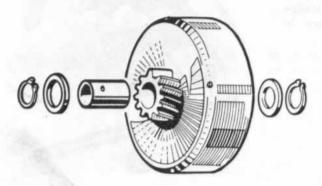




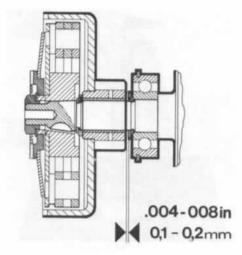
Lubricate oil seal and install crankshaft seal, sealing lips facing outward, on clutch side of crank pin.

Place special tool 905.0.33.104.1 between crank webs to prevent damage to crankshaft. Use installation sleeve 350.1.70.012.0 to install main bearing on crankshaft, with the locating ring groove facing the outside. Install flywheel side main bearing in the same procedure.

Install inner circlip, clutch drum bushing and a .067 in. (1.7 mm) inner shim over the bushing. Further, install clutch drum and outer circlip.



Clutch drum must be shimmed to allow .004—.008 (0.1—0.2 mm) end-float on crankshaft.



Firmly hold clutch drum against outer circlip measure gap between primary gear and inner shim on crankshaft (not circlip on bearing). Measure gap with a feeler gauge.



From this measurement deduct end-float required of clutch drum, this will give required outer shim.





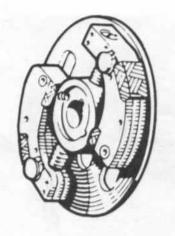
If ever the clutch drum is being replaced with the engine installed just simply take the measurments of both clutch drums and adjust the difference with available outer shims.



Once the required shims are established, remove clutch drum and reassemble with established shim.

Torque nut to 20 ft/lb (27 Nm).

By operating the kick-starter the starting mechanism which is located in the clutch cover, will move the starting gear toward the engaging disc, which is solidly mounted on the crankshaft, thus rotating the engine.



CAUTION: After the engine has started quickly, release the kick-starter to prevent damage to the starting mechanism. By increasing the engine r.p.m. the centrifugal clutch will engage between 1200—1500 r.p.m. and is fully engaged between 2600—3000 r.p.m. The clutch begins to disengage between 1400—1150 r.p.m. (when engine speed is reduced).

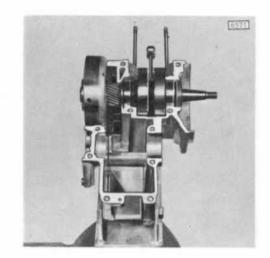
Centrifugal clutch must be replaced when linings are worn and limit pins (on shoes) prevent drum contact.

**CAUTION:** Use only recommended lubricants in transmission or clutch slippage will occur.

Reassemble primary drive shaft as shown.
Lubricate magneto side oil seal on crankshaft and install with sealing lip facing inwards.

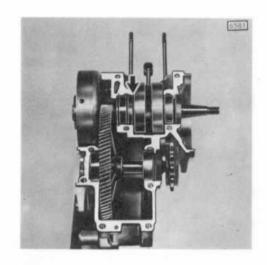
Fit primary drive shaft into crankcase.

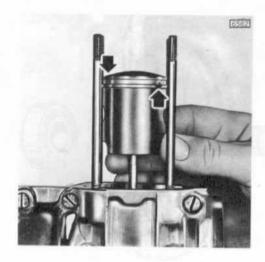
**NOTE:** Ensure sufficient gap between magneto side bearing and oil seal appr. .040 in. (1 mm) to allow oil flow to bearing. Install crankshaft and clutch assembly in housing half.



Install primary drive assembly, ensure that open ends of retainer circlips are facing upward, so that correct location is assured.

Apply jointing compound (non-hardening) to crankcase joint, fit crankcase half into place and torque crankcase screws to 6 ft/lb (8 Nm).

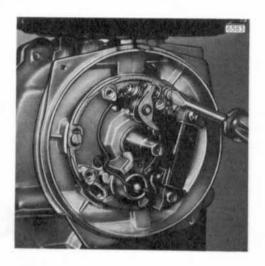




Fit a new cylinder base gasket into place, lightly oil piston and cylinder wall and replace cylinder.

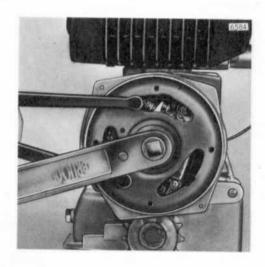
CAUTION: Be sure to align ring gap to their respective locating pins.

Install new cylinder head gasket, fit cylinder head and torque head nuts (crosswise) to 7 ft/lb (10 Nm).



Install generator base assembly so that the locating screws are in the center of the locating holes.

**NOTE:** Ensure no wires are squeezed between base plate and housing.



Clean crankshaft taper, fit woodruff key into keyway, install flywheel. Use locking device 905.0.16.101.2 to lock flywheel and torque nut to 25 ft/lb (35 Nm).

NOTE: By replacing a clutch cover, starter shaft or intermediate gear the following measurements have to be taken.

 Place a new gasket on the clutch cover and measure down from the surface of the clutch cover to the upper edge of the starter shaft locating flange.



2. Locate starter shaft in guide hole of the crank case. Take the measurement from the upper edge of the starter shaft gear to the surface of the crankcase. Add .004 in. (0.2 mm) crush of the new gasket. Now deduct this measurement from the above taken measurement. This will give the clearance of the starter shaft within the clutch cover. The end-float of the starter shaft and the intermediate gear is .008—.024 in. (0.2—0.6 mm). Example:

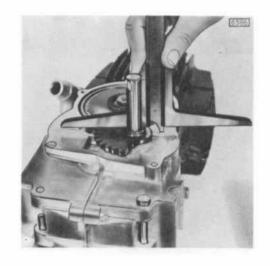
 First measurement taken
 35.0 mm

 second measurement taken
 —33.8 mm

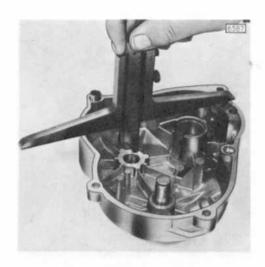
 crush of gasket
 — 0.2 mm

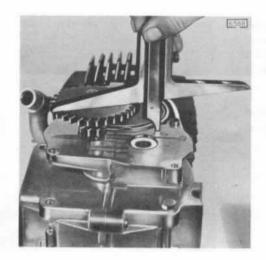
 clearance
 1.0 mm

For this example a .024 in. (0.6 mm) shim would be required to achieve the correct end-float of .008—.024 in. (0.6—1 mm).



Take the measurement from the surface of the clutch cover (new gasket still in place) to upper edge of the intermediate gear locating flange.





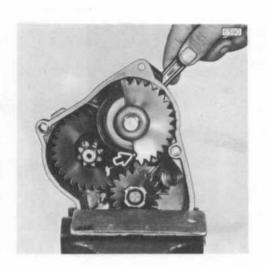
4. Take the measurement from the upper edge of the intermediate gear to the surface of the crank case. Add .004 in. (0.2 mm) crush of the new gasket. To get clearance of intermediate gear within clutch cover, see example on previous page.



#### ASSEMBLING KICK-STARTER

Place idle gear in housing and secure with circlip. Install intermediate gear, spring and guide in clutch cover.

NOTE: Ensure that notch of spring guide is correctly placed in cut-away of clutch cover.

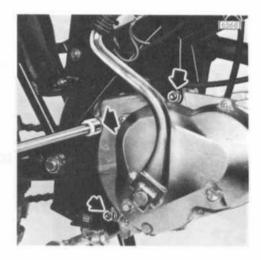


Place clutch cover in vise.

Install starter shaft and assure that spring is correctly located on end of gear (see arrow). Place an open-end wrench over the starter shaft and tension the spring till upper edge of the gear has just gone past the cut-away in the clutch housing. Now push in starter shaft to the correct location in the clutch housing. Place the correct thrust shim on the starter shaft and on the intermediate gear. Remove clutch cover from vise and install engaging gear with brake spring on idler gear. Install clutch cover assembly and torque screws to 6 ft/lb (8 Nm).

# INSTALLING THE ENGINE

Place engine in frame and secure with three mounting bolts; forque nuts to 23 ft/lb (32 Nm).



Connect electrical wires on junction block

with Bosch generator 0212 124 043 to engine number 44 01270

blue wire

blue/black wire — gray — brown

with Bosch generator 0 204 110 002 from engine number 44 01271

blue wire \_\_ blue black

brown wire - brown



Install exhaust system (fit new gasket to exhaust flange). Fit tail pipe between frame and rear fender and secure pipe to muffler. Fit drive chain and chain master link.

blue



# INSTALLING THE ENGINE



Install carburetor ensure perfect seating on flange.
Remove filler and oil level plug. Fill with Type "F" automatic transmission fluid 7.44 oz (220 cc).
For carburetor adjustments see "SECTION III".



#### POWER SPEED RESTRICTOR

To increase power and speed simply remove carburetor from intake manifold and remove restrictor orifice (see arrow).



Also remove restrictor plate from rear of carburetor (on some units restrictor is fitted inside air-cleaner element on rear of intake house).

# **SECTION III**

**FUEL SYSTEM AND CARBURETION** 

#### CARBURETOR

#### CARBURETOR OPERATION

(The numbers quoted in the brackets refer to the illustration.)

The carburetor on your MAGNUM-X is a Bing variable venturi (slide type) carburetor. The term variable venturi comes from the fact that the slide varies the amount of the restriction of air through the throat of the carburetor and the term venturi denotes a restriction in an air passage.

The components in the carburetor are simple. Please, refer to the accompanying drawing for identification of each part number. The slide (ref. no. 11) is attached to a cable which is operated by the twist grip on the handlebar. Turning the twist grip either raises or lowers the slide and this in turn either increases or decreases the amount of air allowed to flow through the throat of the carburetor.

Protruding from the bottom of the slide is a tapered rod or "needle" (ref. no. 10). Its position in relation to the slide is determined by a small clip (ref. no. 9) which is inserted in one of four grooves at the top of the needle. This clip then rests on the inside of the bottom of the slide.

Underneath the slide in the body of the carburetor is a brass tube with a carefully selected inside diameter. This tube is called a "needle jet" (ref. no. 18). The needle hanging out of the slide, hangs down into this needle jet.

Threaded into the bottom of the needle jet is a small brass plug called the "main jet" (ref. no. 19). The main jet has a precisely drill passage through it and is available in various sizes.

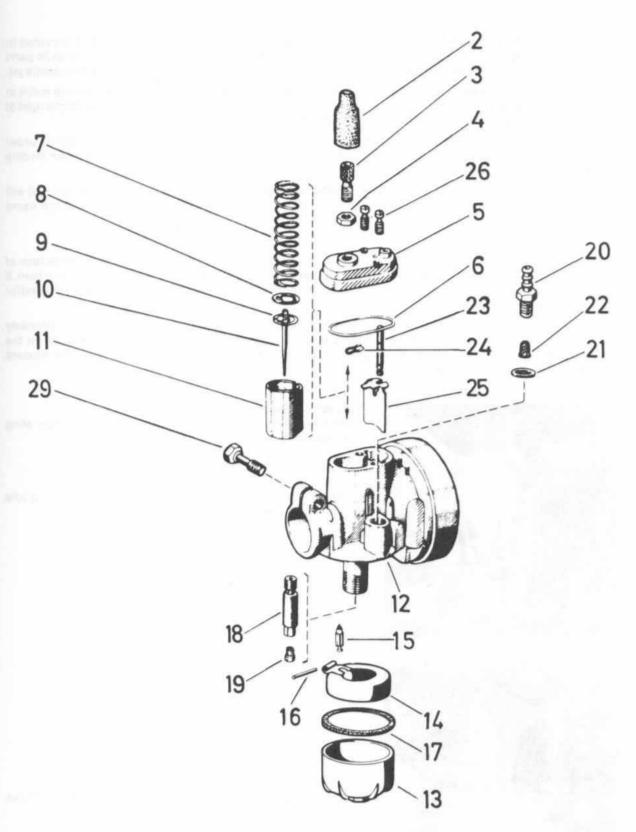
At the bottom of the carburetor is a removable aluminum fuel reservoir called the "float bowl" (ref. no. 13). The float bowl threads onto the base of the carburetor body. Inside the float bowl is a styrofoam ring which is called the "float" (ref. no. 14). There is a small brass arm attached to the float on one end and pinned to the carburetor on the other by the float pin (ref. no. 16). Underneath this arm is a steel "inlet needle" (ref. no. 15) which is inserted into a "needle seat" in the carburetor body.

The method of operation of the carburetor is as follows:

- 1. When the float bowl is empty and the fuel petcock on the fuel tank is opened, fuel flows through the fuel line and into the carburetor through the inlet banjo (ref. no. 20) and the filter screen (ref. no. 22) to the top of the inlet needle. Because the float bowl is empty, the float is hanging down and the needle is off its seat allowing fuel to enter the bowl. As the bowl fills, the float rises to a predetermined level at which point the needle presses against its seat and the flow of the fuel is stopped. As fuel is consumed by the engine the float goes up and down to maintain a constant level of fuel in the float bowl.
- 2. In order to start a cold engine a very rich fuel air mixture is required. (A rich mixture would be 1 part of fuel to 5 parts of air or 5:1.) This can be accomplished by either increasing the amount of fuel or decreasing the amount of air. In the Bing carburetor there is a choke plate (ref. no. 25) which when pushed down cuts off most of the airflow through the throat of the carburetor and thus creates a very rich mixture.

When the engine starts and the throttle is opened, the slide pushes the choke plate up out of the carburetor throat removing the restriction.

# **CARBURETOR**



The carburetor fitted to the MAGNUM-X is tuned to specifications established by intensive factory research: should not be altered in any way.

Dismantle carburetor, clean all components and reassemble.

#### CARBURETOR

3. Since the airflow at each throttle opening position is always constant, a means must be provided to obtain the proper amount of fuel for the right mixture. (The running mixture is 1 part of fuel to 50 parts of air or 50 : 1.) From idle to approximately <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> throttle the fuel supply is determined by the needle jet.

If the fuel mixture is too lean (not enough fuel) the clip on the needle should be lowered one notch in order to raise the needle farther out of the needle jet. This will result in more fuel being discharged at each throttle open position from idle to  $^{3}/_{4}$  throttle.

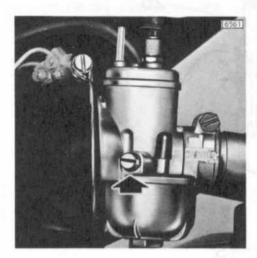
If the fuel mixture is too rich (too much fuel) the clip on the needle should be raised one notch in order to lower the needle into the needle jet. This will result in less fuel being discharged at each throttle open position from idle to 3/4 throttle.

From  $^{3}/_{4}$  to full throttle the fuel supply is determined by the size of the main jet. A larger main jet will richen the mixture from  $^{3}/_{4}$  to full throttle and a smaller main jet will lean the mixture in the same range.

Needle setting and size of main jet are fixed at the factory and must not be changed.

4. The setting of the float can also have an effect on the mixture. If the float is too far from the bottom of the carburetor when the needle closes the fuel reserve will be limited and the engine could run lean. If the float is too close to the carburetor body when needle closes, the engine could run too rich and/or the carburetor could flood.

To properly set the float level remove the float bowl and invert the carburetor. The float is properly adjusted when the top edge of the float is parallel with the gasket surface of the float bowl on the carburetor body. This setting is very important and should always be checked when mixture problems are encountered.



Install carburetor and filter.

Start engine and run at moderate speed until operating temperature is reached.

Adjust idle speed to 1,000—1,200 r.p.m. by turning idle adjusting screw in or out as required.



Adjust throttle cable slack to .040 in. (1 mm) and tighten lock nut.

**CAUTION:** Insufficient cable slack will hold throttle partially open and idle adjusting screw will not function.

### **SECTION IV**

**IGNITION SYSTEM** 

#### **IGNITION TIMING**



If ignition coil has been replaced, measure air gap between coil pole shoes and flywheel. Gap should be .016—.024 in. (0.40—0.60 mm). If gap is incorrect, loosen coil mounting screws and adjust as necessary.

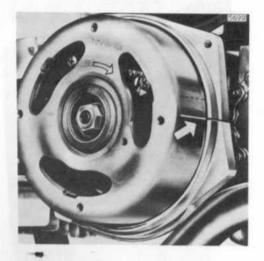
**CAUTION:** Always check and adjust ignition timing if flywheel has been removed.



#### **ADJUSTING BREAKER POINTS**

Rotate flywheel until fully opened points gap is visible through flywheel port.

Loosen fixing screw and adjust point gap to .014—.018 in. (0.35—0.45 mm)



#### CHECKING IGNITION TIMING

Connect ignition timing device 905.0.12.101.0 to the blue lead of the H.T. coil and the other lead to ground. Turn flywheel in engine direction till the buzzing noise on the timing device alters. At that point the ignition timing mark on the flywheel should coincide with the parting line of the housing halves.

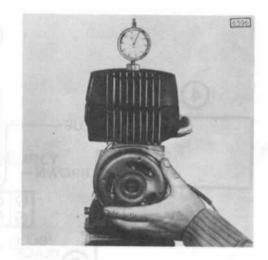
If the timing is not correct recheck breaker point gap or readjust till the correct ignition timing is achieved.

### **IGNITION TIMING**

#### FITTING NEW FLYWHEEL (WITHOUT TIMING MARK)

Adjust breaker point gap to correct setting. To find T. D. C. on piston travel insert a dial indicator into the plug hole (with holder). Find T. D. C. and turn engine .039—.047 in. (1—1.2 mm) measured on the dial indicator, backwards (against engine direction) and mark flywheel in line with the parting line of the two housing halves. This is ignition timing mark.

Recheck ignition timing as described on a previous page.



# ADJUST IGNITION TIMING WITH UNMARKED FLYWHEEL (without dial indicator)

Adjust breaker point gap to correct setting. Find T. D. C. of piston travel (inserting a drift into plug hole). Make a pencil mark on the flywheel at the parting line of the two housing halves. From that pencil mark measure .630—.709 in. (16—18 mm) forward on flywheel (in engine direction) and mark the flywheel. This is ignition mark. Recheck ignition timing as described on previous page.



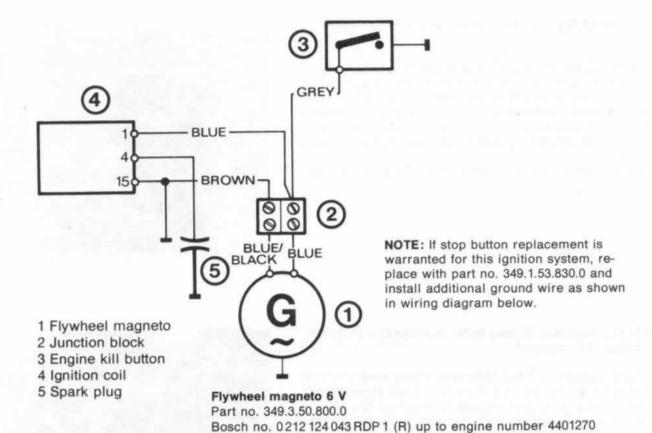
#### Ignition coil resistances in Ohms:

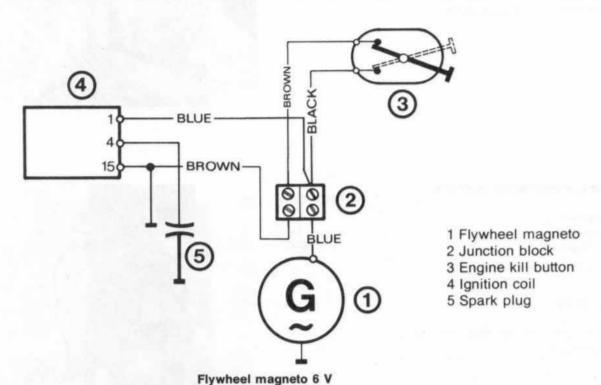
Primary coil Secondary coil Spark plug cap 5.4 1000

#### SPARK PLUG

Plug gap .016—.020 in. (0.4—0.5 mm) Champion L 5.







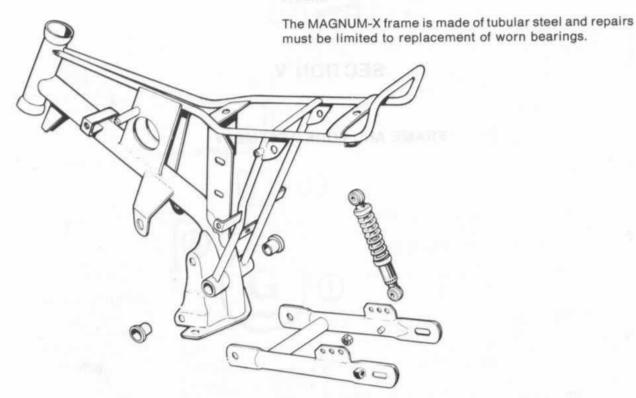
Part no. 349.3.50.300.0 Bosch no. 0204 110 002 RDP 1 (I) from engine number 4401271

# SECTION V

FRAME AND FORK ASSEMBLY

# FRAME, REAR SWING ARM, SHOCK ABSORBER

#### FRAME



Serious bends, cracks or other accidental damage cannot be repaired without weakening the frame. Impaired steering or wheel misalignment are indications of a twisted or damaged frame.

#### STEERING HEAD

Remove steering stem nut, lift off top bridge and handlebar assembly and place over frame. Remove lower steering stem nut and pull down fork yoke assembly.

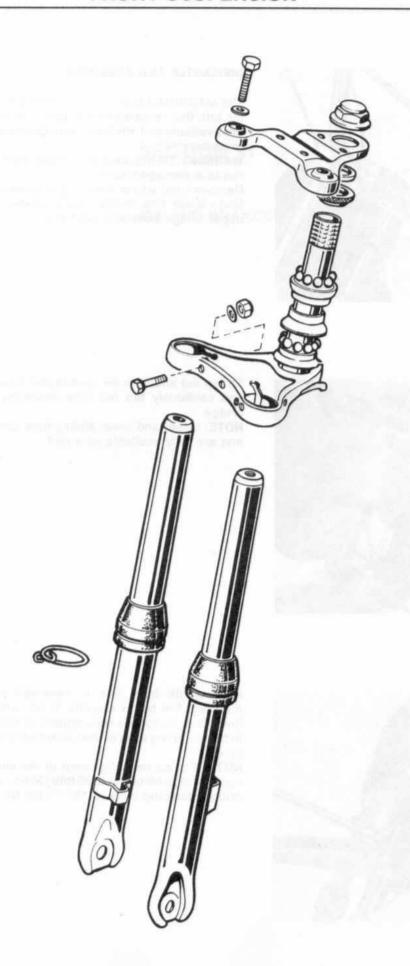
Knock out steering head bearing cups and install with special tool 905.6.34.501.0.

#### REAR SWING ARM

Inspect swing arm and replace if twisted or bent.
If exessive side movement of the swing arm is noticeable replace swing arm bushes.

#### SHOCK ABSORBER

Shock absorbers are not serviceable. Faulty suspension units must be replaced.



#### FRONT SUSPENSION



#### DISMANTLE AND ASSEMBLE

The MAGNUM-X front suspension is a trouble-free telescopic fork that requires no periodic lubrication. Spare parts are available and any bent, worn or damaged parts must be replaced.

**WARNING:** Do not attempt to repair front suspension parts. Replace demaged items.

Remove front wheel, fender and handlebar assembly. Undo lower fork bridge clamp screws. Remove the two upper bridge bolts and washers.



To tap out sliding tube assemblies screw in retainer bolt and cautiously tap out tube assembly from lower fork bridge.

NOTE: Upper and lower sliding tube can not be separated and are only available as a unit.



Reassemble front fork in reversed procedure to dismantling. For better stability of the upper tube within the lower fork bridge we recommend to apply some "Loctite" in the clamping area of the lower fork bridge and the upper tube.

NOTE: For correct alignment of the sliding tubes torque upper bridge bolts first to 25 ft/lb (30 Nm) then the lower fork bridge clamping bolts to 15 ft/lb (20 Nm).

# **SECTION VI**

**HUBS AND BRAKES** 

#### Explace wheel beenings

Lists a drift for longer, had whood bearings in the sound bearings of the events bearings and the country bearings and the country desired and covered

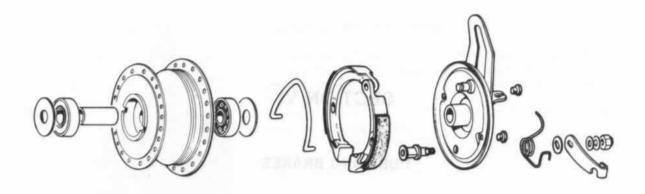
CALIFOR I What head line is a search of the search and are the on the course for the search of the s

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# **BRAKES, HUBS**





#### Replace wheel bearings

Use a drift to knock out wheel bearings. Before installation of the new bearings, pack bearings with fibrous bearing grease. Replace both dust covers.

**CAUTION:** When installing the new bearings apply pressure only to the outside ring of the bearing and not on the inside ring, damage will accure.



#### Drive sprocket and chain

A simple method to find out whether the chain can still be used.

Press the chain by hand upwards so that it is tightly tensioned. If now the chain permits to be lifted from the sprocket by the other hand by more than half the diameter of the roller, the chain must be replaced. If the sprocket is worn as shown have it replaced.

# **SECTION VII**

TORQUE SPECIFICATION, CONVERSIONS

# **TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS**

#### Engine unit

Cylinder head	7	ft/lb	(10 Nm)
Flywheel nut	25	ft/lb	(35 Nm)
Clutch retaining nut	20	ft/lb	(27 Nm)
Crankcase screws	6	ft/lb	(8 Nm)
Clutch cover screws	6	ft/lb	(8 Nm)
Engine mounting screws	23	ft/lb	(32 Nm)

#### Frame assembly

Front/rear axle nuts	20 ft/lb	(27 Nm)
Rear suspension unit, upper and lower	17 ft/lb	(23 Nm)
Rear swing arm mounting bolt	29 ft/lb	(40 Nm)
Handlebar clamping screws	20 ft/lb	(27 Nm)
Top fork bridge bolts	25 ft/lb	(30 Nm)
Lower clamping bolts	15 ft/lb	(20 Nm)

Tightening torque to be within a tolerance of 10%

**NOTE:** Nm stands for Newton-meter which is an European standard measure. Its conversion factor to receive ft/ lb (foot-pounds) is .735.

# METRIC CONVERSION TABLE

#### **MILLIMETERS TO INCHES**

mm Inches	mm Inches	mm Inches	mm Inches	mm Inches
.01 .00039	.41 .01614	.81 .03189	21 .82677	61 2.4015
.02 .00079	.42 .01654	.82 .03228	22 .86614	62 2.44094
.03 .00118	.43 .01693	.83 .03268	23 .90551	63 2.4803
.04 .00157	.44 .01732	.84 .03307	24 .94488	64 2.51968
.05 .00197	.45 .01772	.85 .03346	25 .98425	65 2.5590
.06 .00236	.46 .01811	.86 .03386	26 1.02362	66 2.59842
.07 .00276	.47 .01850	.87 .03425	27 1.06299	67 2.63779
.08 .00315	.48 .01890	.88 .03465	28 1.10236	68 2.6771
.09 .00354	.49 .01929	.89 .03504	29 1.14173	69 2.7165
.10 .00394	.50 .01969	.90 .03533	30 1.18110	70 2.7559
.11 .00433	.51 .02008	.91 .03583	31 1.22047	71 2.7952
.12 .00472	.52 .02047	.92 .03622	32 1.25984	72 2.8346
.13 .00512	.53 .02087	.93 .03661	33 1.29921	73 2.8740
.14 .00551	.54 .02126	.94 .03701	34 1.33858	74 2.9133
.15 .00591	.55 .02165	.95 .03740	35 1.37795	75 2.9527
.16 .00630	.56 .02205	.96 .03780	36 1.41732	76 2.9921
.17 .00669	.57 0.2244	.97 .03819	37 1.45669	77 3.0314
.18 .00709	.58 .02283	.98 .03858	38 1.49606	78 3.0708
.19 .00748	.59 .02323	.99 .03898	39 1.53543	79 3.1102
.20 .00787	.60 0.2362	1.00 .03937	40 1.57480	80 3.1496
.21 .00827	.61 .02402	1 .03937	41 1.62417	81 3.1889
.22 .00866	.62 .02441	2 .07874	42 1.65354	82 3.2283
.23 .00906	.63 .02480	3 .11811	43 1.69291	83 3.2677
.24 .00945	.64 .02520	4 .15748	44 1.73228	84 3.3070
.25 .00984	.65 .02559	5 .19685	45 1.77165	85 3.3464
.26 .01024	.66 .02598	6 .23622	46 1.81102	86 3.3858
.27 .01063	.67 .02638	7 .27559	47 1.85039	87 3.4251
.28 .01102	.68 .02677	8 .31496	48 1.88976	88 3.4645
.29 .01142	.69 .02717	9 .35433	49 1.92913	89 3.5039
.30 .01181	.70 .02756	10 .39370	50 1.96850	90 3.5433
.31 .01220	.71 .02795	11 .43307	51 2.00787	91 3.5826
.32 .01260	.72 .02835	12 .47244	52 2.04724	92 3.62204
.33 .01299	.73 .02874	13 .51181	53 2.08661	93 3.6614
.34 .01339	.74 .02913	14 .55118	54 2.12598	94 3.70078
.35 .01378	.75 .02953	15 .59055	55 2.16535	95 3.7401
.36 .01417	.76 .02992	16 .62992	56 2.20472	96 3.7795
.37 .01457	.77 .03032	17 .66929	57 2.24409	97 3.81889
.38 .01496	.78 .03071	18 .70866	58 2.28346	98 3.8582
.38 .01535	.79 .03110	19 .74803	59 2.32283	99 3.89763
.40 .01575	.80 .03150	20 .78740	60 2.36220	100 3.93700

# METRIC CONVERSION TABLE

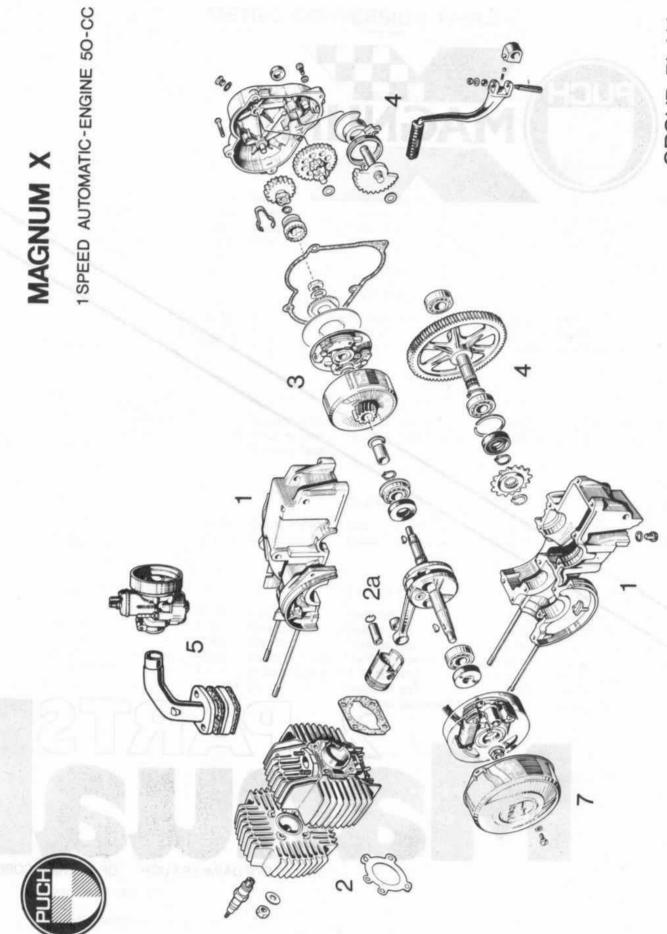
METRIC TO AMERICAN	CONVER	SION TABLE	AMERICAN TO METRIC	CONVER	SION TABLE
MULTIPLY (LINEAR)	by	to obtain	MULTIPLY (LINEAR)	by	to obtain
Millimeters (mm) Millimeters (mm) Centimeters (cm) Centimeters (cm)	.03937 .00328 .3937 .0328	Inches Feet Inches Feet	Inches (in.) Inches (in.) Feet (ft.) Feet (ft.)	25.4 2.54 304.8 30.48	Millimeters Centimeters Millimeters Centimeters
(DISTANCE)			(DISTANCE)		
Meters (m) Meters (m) Kilometers (km)	39.37 3.28 3281	Inches Feet Feet	Inches (in.) Feet (ft.) Miles (mi.)	.0254 .03048 1.609	Meters Meters Kilometers
nes.					
(AREA)			(AREA)		
Square Centimeters (cm Square Centimeters (cm Square Meters (m²)	<sup>2</sup> ).155 <sup>2</sup> ).001076 10.76	Square Inches Square Feet Square Feet	Square Inches (in²) Square Feet (sq. ft.)	6.452 929	Square Centim. Square Centim.
(VOLUME)			(VOLUME)		
Cubic Centimeters (cc) Liters (I)	.06102 61.02	Cubic Inches Cubic Inches	Cubic Inches (cu. in.) Cubic Inches (cu. in.)	16.39 .01639	Cubic Centim. Liters
(LIQUID CAPACITY)			(LIQUID CAPACITY)		
Liters (I) Liters (I) Liters (I) Cubic Centimeters (cc) U. S. Gallons Imperial Gallons	2.113 1.057 .2642 .0338 1.2 277,274	Pints Quarts Gallons Fluid Ounces Imperial gals. cu. in.	Pints (pt.) Quarts (qt.) Gallons (gal.) Fluid Ounces (fl. oz.) U. S. Gallons Imperial gallons Imperial gallons	.4732 .9463 3.785 29.58 1.2 4.537 277.274	Liters Liters Liters Cubic Centim. Imperial gals. Liters cu. in.
THE STATE OF THE S					
(WEIGHT)			(WEIGHT)		
Grams (gm) Kilograms (kg)	.03527 2.205	Ounces Pounds	Ounces (oz.) Pounds (lb.)	28.35 .4536	Grams Kilograms
(OTHER)			(OTHER)		
Newton Meters (Nm)	.723	Foot-Pounds (ft. lbs.)	Foot-Pounds (ft. lbs.)	1.383	Newton Meters
Kilometers/Liters (km/l)	2.352	Miles/Gallon (mpg)	Miles/Gallon (mpg)	.4252	(Nm) Kilometers/Li-
Metric Horsepower (ps)	1.014	Brake Horse- power (bhp)	Brake Horsepower (bhp)	.9862	ter (km/l) Metric Horse- power (ps)



# 2. PARTS Manual

STEYR-DAIMLER-PUCH

OF AMERICA CORP.





# CONTENTS

ENGINE	2. 2a. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 7a	CHANK CASE CYLINDER, PISTON CRANKSHAFT CLUTCH GEARBOX, KICKSTARTER CARBURETOR EXHAUST MAGNETO GENERATOR VERSION I MAGNETO GENERATOR VERSION II
CHASSIS		FUEL TANK, FUEL TAB
	9.	FRAME, SEAT, SIDE COVERS
	10.	FENDERS REAR WHEEL SUSPENSION
		(Pivoted fork, Suspension unit)
FRONT FORK	12.	FRONT FORK WITH STEERING
	13.	HANDLEBAR AND CONTROLS
	14.	CABLES
ROAD WHEELS	15.	FRONT WHEEL
		REAR WHEEL
EQUIPMENT	17.	SPEEDOMETER WITH SPEEDOMETER DRIVE,
		ACCESSORIES

To convert millimeters to inches, multiply by 0,03937.

#### USA MODEL

are available in the following colors:

white	RAL	9001	color-code-number	98
black	GR	9005	color-code-number	E3

When ordering laquered parts, please do not forget to state the matching color-code-number along with the spare-part-number

e.g. 323.1.20.000.0/E3

#### EXPLANATION OF THE SPARE PARTS CLASSIFICATION NUMBERS

To facilitate the systematic arrangement of the various spare parts in your spares depot, the system of classification by numbers is explained below.

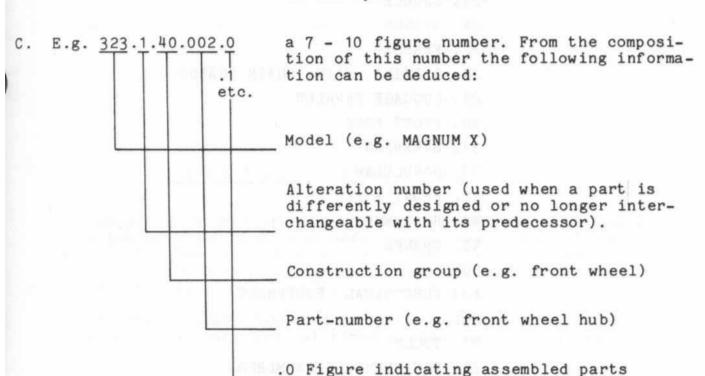
Types of numbers:

A E.g. 900.1028

a so-called "900-number" given to standard parts, commercial parts and electrical equipement parts.

B E.g. 24865

a 2-5 figure number. (Such numbers used to be given to the spares of models manufactured in the past. Insofar as such parts are used in currently produced machines, these numbers will still appear in the spares lists.)



TYPE NUMBER FOR MAGNUM X IS 323

.1 to .9 serve for various purposes

(e.g. hub complete with all fittings).

#### LIST OF CONSTRUCTIONS GROUPS

- 10. CRANKCASE, CYLINDER, ENGINE PARTS
- 11. OIL PUMP
- 12. CLUTCH
  - 13. GEARBOX
  - 15. CARBURETOR, INTAKE SILENCER
  - 16. EXHAUST
- 20. FRAME
  - 21. REAR SUSPENSION
  - 22. FUEL TANK, FUEL TAP
    - 23. SADDLE
    - 24. STANDS
  - 27. FENDER
  - 28. DRIVING CHAIN, CHAIN GUARDS
  - 29. LUGGAGE CARRIER
  - 30. FRONT FORK
  - 31. STEERING
  - 32. HANDLEBAR
  - 40. FRONT WHEEL
  - 41. REAR WHEEL
    - 42. CRANKS
  - 50)
    - to) ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT
    - laul frade in 59) p alesadaun-dan l
      - 70. TOOLS
    - 72. EQUIPMENT, REAR MIRROR
      - -- CONTROL CABLES 910 = TYPENUMBER

#### IMPORTANT

To get a quick and correct shipment of your spare parts orders following statements are necessary:

- 1. Exact description of vehicle
- 2. Engine no.
- 3. Spare parts no.
- 4. Description
- 5. Colour
- 6. Required quantity
- 7. Wanted way of delivery

Beside this our general terms of sale and delivery are valuable.

Please direct your orders to:

place for stamp

### GENERAL EXPLANATIONS

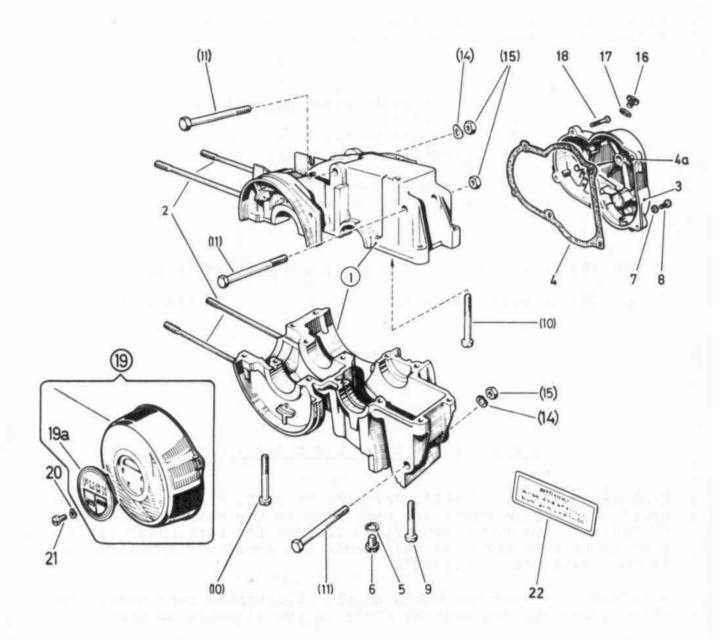
Statements such as "left", "right", "front", "rear" at the description of spare parts are referring to the moving direction of vehicle. The given dimensions (in mm) for particular parts have to be considered as standards. (To convert millimeters to inches, multiply by 0,03937).

A reference number bracketed on the illustrated page means that this number appears several times on the illustrated page.

A ref.no. within brackets before a spare part means, that the said part is only similar to the illustration.

The abbreviation "as requd. "means " as required"; the abbreviation "p.m." means "per meter".

Puch is continuously reviewing its products for possible improvement and reserves the right to change details and specfications without notice.

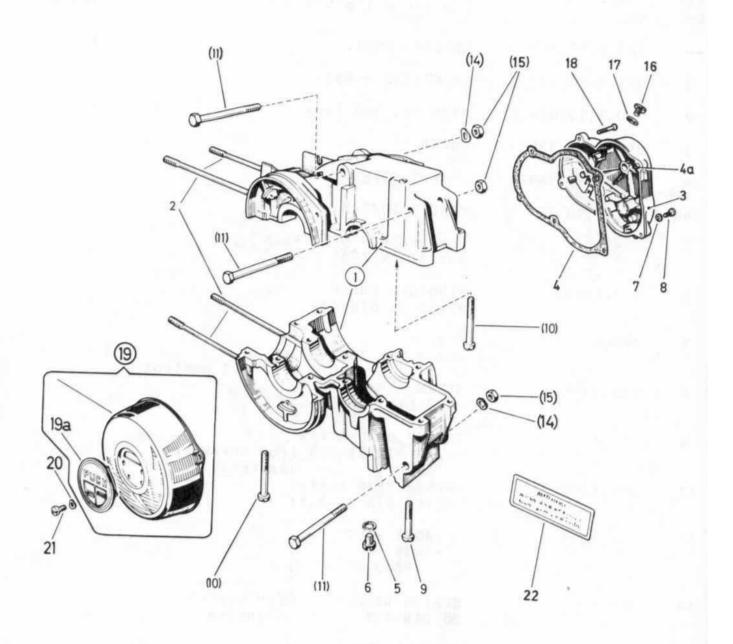


MX/10/1 US.

### Puch MAGNUM X

# 1. CRANKCASE

Ref	Part- No.	Descripti	o n	Required No.
	323.2.10.000.0	ENGINE compl.		1
1	349.2.10.332.0	CRANKCASE compl.		1
2	360.1.10.034.1	STUD M6, 103 long		4
3	349.6.10.335.1	COVER		1
4	349.3.10.349.1	GASKET COVER		1
4a	349.1.10.354.1	SPACER 10/8x8		2
5	26 482	SEAL WASHER OIL D A8x14 DIN 7603	RAIN	1
6	901.1053	PLUG OIL DRAIN M8x10 Sz DIN 933		1
7	24365	SEAL A6x12 DIN 7603	) ) )for oil contro	N 1
8	900.1305	SCREW M6x8 DIN 84	) ) )	N 1
9	900.1216	CHEESE HEAD SCREW M6 x 30 DIN 84-8.8	)for crankcase	8
10	901.1308	CHEESE HEAD SCREW CM6x50 DIN 84-8.8		5
11.	901.1001	HEXAGON BOLT M8x1x75 DIN 960-8.8	)	3
14	900.3211	SPRING WASHER B8 DIN 137	) )for engine )mounting	2
15	900.2021	HEXAGON NUT M8x1 DIN 934-8	)	2
16	364.1.10.660.1	PLUG OIL FILLER (	M10)	1
17	27071	SEAL A10x14 DIN 7603		1

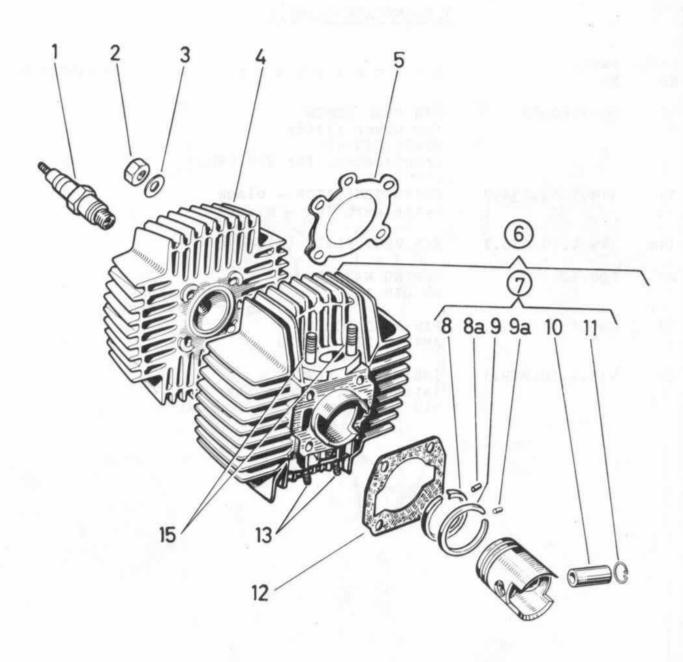


MX/10/1 US.

#### Puch MAGNUM X

# 1. CRANKCASE (cont.)

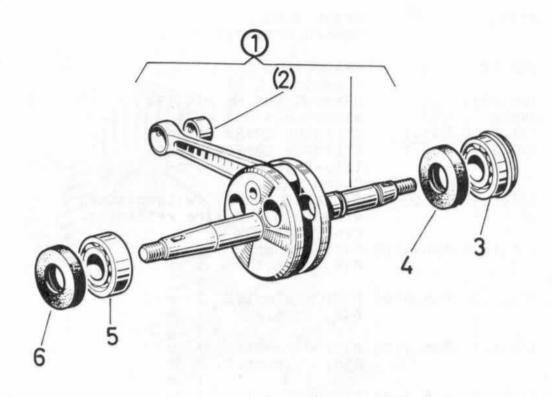
Ref	Part- No.	Description	Required No.
18	D0 09 660 082	PAN HEAD SCREW for cover fixing M6x25 DIN 966 (replacement for 900.9460)	5
19	349.7.10.034.2	COVER GENERATOR - black (with part 19a - black)	1
19a	349.4.10.036.1	AIR VENT PLATE (black)	1
20	900.3202	SPRING WASHER ) A4 DIN 137 ) for generator ) cover fastening	2
21	900.1509	PAN HEAD SCREW ) AM4x10 DIN 85 )	2
22	413.1.10.079.1	INDICATION PLATE (attention, before starting oil is to be filled in engine	1



MX /10/2 US.

# 2. CYLINDER, PISTON

Ref	Part-	Description	Required No.
1	23733	SPARK PLUG (Bosch W225 T1)	1
or	000 0707	OD ADV. DI HO	
1	902.0727	SPARK PLUG (Champion L 5)	1
2	900.2014	HEXAGON NUT M6 DIN 934	4
3	24804	WASHER 6,4 DIN 433	4
2 3 4 5	328.2.10.801.1 349.2.10.004.1	CYLINDER COVER (black) CYLINDER COVER GASKET	1
	HERCHEN)	(Alu-foil 2-rows,	
6	328.7.10.205.0	0,2mm thick) CYLINDER compl. (with piston,	1
	320.7.10.203.0	wrist pin and wire retaining	
		ring) - black	1
7	328.1.10.806.9/03		
		Ø38, sort.1 ) s	1
7	328.1.10.806.9/04		
		038, sort.2 ) e	1
7	328.3.10.806.9/03	PISTON compl. ) q	
	3	Ø38,5, sort.1 ) i	1
7	250 2 10 906 0/00	) r	
7	350.3.10.806.9/04	PISTON compl. ) e Ø38,5, sort.2 ) d	1
8	328.1.10.960.1	PISTON RING LS 1,5-38/34,6x2Z,	1.5
0	229 1 10 060 2	KAR, MOP	1 ,
8 8a	328.1.10.960.3 901.4839	PISTON RING LS 1,5-38,5/35,1x2Z NOTCHED LOCKING PIN	as reqd.
		1,5x6 DIN 1473	1
9	331.1.10.160.1 331.1.10.160.3	PISTON RING 38/35x2Z-FS2 KA KI PISTON RING 38,5/35,5x2Z	1
9a	900.4855	NOTCHED LOCKING PIN	as reqd.
		2x6 DIN 1473	1
10	331.1.10.011.1/12	GUDGEON PIN Ø12x31, sort.2)	1
10	331.1.10.011.1/13	GUDGEON PIN Ø12x31, sort.3)	equa. 1
11	901.4701	WIRE RETAINING RING	
12	328.2.10.513.1	B12 DIN 73123 CYLINDER BASE FLANGE GASKET	2
	JEV 12 11 V 17 17 11	(0,3mm thick)	1
13	050.1.1014	FIXING STUD (M6x16)	1 2 2
15	902.1982	FIXING STUD M6x35 DIN 835	2

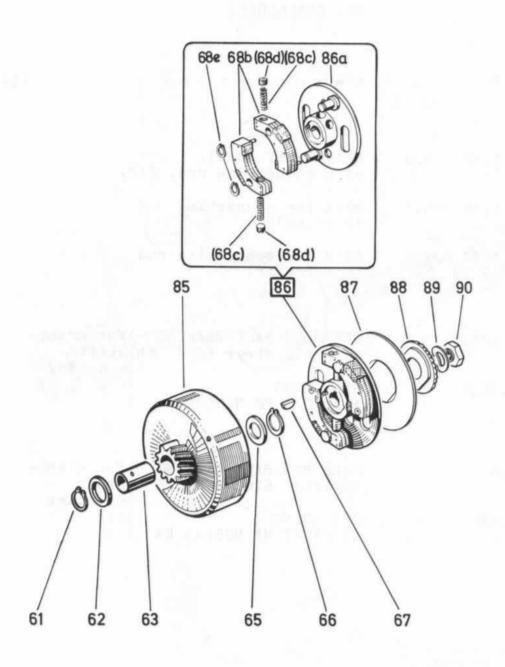


MX/10/3 US.

### Puch MAGNUM X

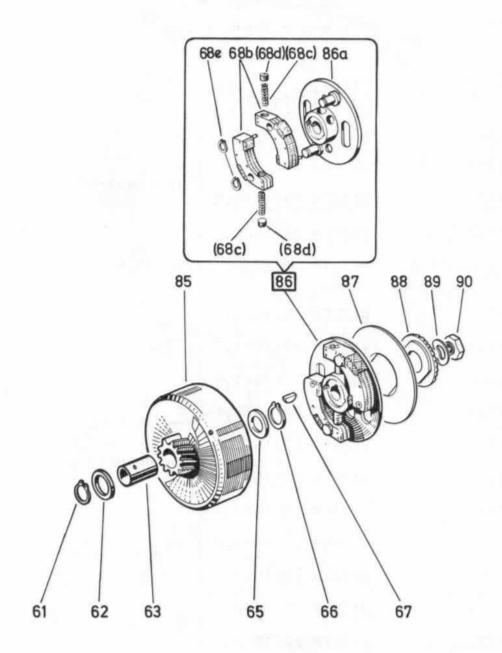
# 2a. CRANKSHAFT

Ref	Part-	Description	Required No.
1	349.1.10.115.0	CRANKSHAFT compl. with connecting rod, Ø12,	1
2	349.1.10.021.1	BUSH for connecting rod 14/11,6/12	1
2	349.1.10.021.3	BUSH for connecting rod (for repair)	as reqd.
3	900.6233	DEEP ROW BALL BEARING ) for crank 40/17/12 Steyr 6203 ZNR) shaft ) mounting	1
4	902.3835	SEAL RING )r.h. A22/40/7 FP N 05043)	1
5	900.6203	DEEP ROW BALL BEARING ) for crank 40/17/12 6203 DIN 625 ) shaft ) mounting	1
6	902.3851	SEAL RING )1.h. A17/40/7 NB N05043 KA )	1



3. CLUTCH for 1-speed Automatic models

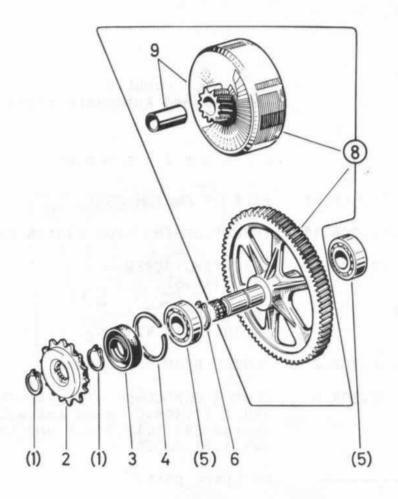
61 900.4617 CIRCLIP Sg17x1 DIN 471	1
SELLY I DIN ALL	
(901.3943 WASHER 24/17/1,1 )	1
(901.3927 WASHER 24/17/1,3)	1
62 ( ) as required (901.3923 WASHER 24/17/1,5 )	1
(901.3928' WASHER 24/17/1,7)	1
63 349.2.12.011.1 BEARING BUSHING 17/15/21,5	1
(901.3963 WASHER 22/15/1,1 )	1
(901.3929 WASHER 22/15/1,3)	1
(901.3924 WASHER 22/15/1,5)	1
(901.3930 WASHER 22/15/1,7)	1
(900.3028 WASHER 22/15/1,8)	1
65 ( ) as required (901.3972 WASHER 22/15/1,85)	1
(901.3942 WASHER 22/15/1,9)	1
(901.3973 WASHER 22/15/1,9)	1
(901.3970 WASHER 22/15/2 )	1
(901.3949 WASHER 22/15/2,1)	1
(901.3971 WASHER 22/15/2,2)	1
66 900.4619 CIRCLIP Sg 15x1 DIN 471	1
67 23340 WOODRUFF KEY 3x5 DIN 6888	1

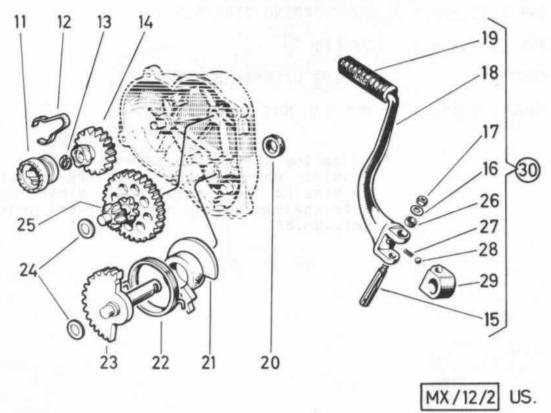


# 3. CLUTCH (cont.) for 1-speed Automatic models

Ref	Part- No.	Description	Required No.
68b	349.1.12.505.0*	PAIR OF CLUTCH SHOE	1
68c	349.1.12.006.1*	THRUST SPRING for clutch hub	2
68d	349.1.12.007.1*	ADJUSTING SCREW (M10x1x7,5)	2
68e	900.4610	SNAP RING Sg 10x1 DIN 471	2
85	349.3.12.302.2	CLUTCH DRUM (21 teeth)	1
86	349.2.12.304.0	CLUTCH HUB compl. (replacement fo 349.1.12.304.0, also install disc spring 349.1.12.305.1 and tappet 349.3.12.329.1)	
86a		no spare part	-
87	349.1.12.305.1	DISC SPRING Ø84/38,5	1
88	349.3.12.329.1	TAPPET	1
89	900.3256	SPRING WASHER B12 DIN 137	1
90	349.1.12.333.1	SPECIAL NUT (M10x1)	1

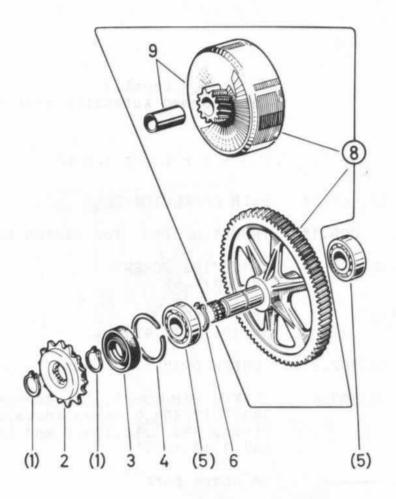
<sup>\*</sup> Adjusting the clutch shoes is only possible when special tools are available. By missing the special tools please use only the clutch hub compl. stated under Ref.-No.86.

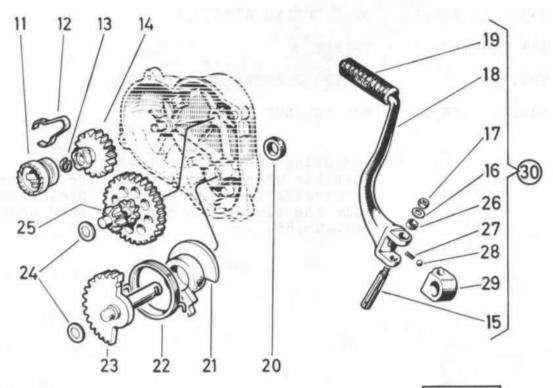




# 4. GEARBOX, KICKSTARTER for 1-speed Automatic models

Part- No.		Description Requ	ired No.
900.4616		SNAP RING Sg 16x1 DIN 471	2
349.1.13.	113.1	GEARBOX CHAIN SPROCKET (13 teeth)	1
349.1.13.	112.1	GEARBOX CHAIN SPROCKET (12 teeth) as	reqd.
901.3801		SEAL RING BA 40/17/7 DIN 3760	1
901.4656		RETAINING RING SP 40 DIN 5417	1
900.6203		DEEP ROW BALL BEARING 40/17/12 6203 DIN 625	1
900.4617		SNAP RING Sg 17x1 DIN 471	1
349.2.13.	320.0	PRIMARY DRIVE compl. (21, 106 teeth)	
		bush and gear shaft with pressed-on gear wheel)	1
		see group 3. clutch	-
349.1.13.	328.1	TAPPET RING	1
329.1.13.	034.1	START BRAKE SPRING	1
901.4668		SEEGER V-RING 12x1V	1
349.1.13.	327.1	DRIVER (18 teeth)	1
364.2.13.	342.1	KEY for starter pedal 48mm long	1
900.3926		WASHER 6,5/14/2	1
900.2909		HEXAGON NUT; 1/4"	1
411.1.13.0	040.1	STARTER PEDAL	1
51.1.1337		RUBBER	1
902.3832		SEAL RING A16x25x7	1
349.2.13.	338.1	SPRING GUIDE	1
	No. 900.4616 349.1.13. 349.1.13. 901.3801 901.4656 900.6203 900.4617 349.2.13. 349.1.13. 329.1.13. 901.4668 349.1.13. 364.2.13. 900.3926 900.2909 411.1.13. 51.1.1337	No. 900.4616 349.1.13.113.1 349.1.13.112.1 901.3801 901.4656 900.6203 900.4617 349.2.13.320.0  349.1.13.328.1 329.1.13.034.1 901.4668 349.1.13.327.1 364.2.13.342.1 900.3926 900.2909 411.1.13.040.1 51.1.1337	No.  Description Requ  900.4616  SNAP RING Sg 16x1 DIN 471  349.1.13.113.1  GEARBOX CHAIN SPROCKET (13 teeth)  349.1.13.112.1  GEARBOX CHAIN SPROCKET (12 teeth) as  901.3801  SEAL RING BA 40/17/7 DIN 3760  901.4656  RETAINING RING SP 40 DIN 5417  900.6203  DEEP ROW BALL BEARING 40/17/12 6203 DIN 625  900.4617  SNAP RING Sg 17x1 DIN 471  349.2.13.320.0  PRIMARY DRIVE compl. (21, 106 teeth) (consisting of clutch drum bearing bush and gear shaft with pressed-on gear wheel)

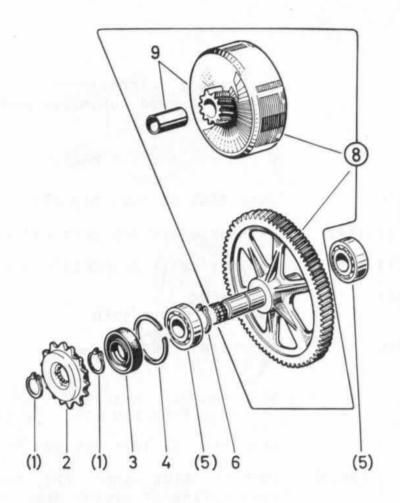


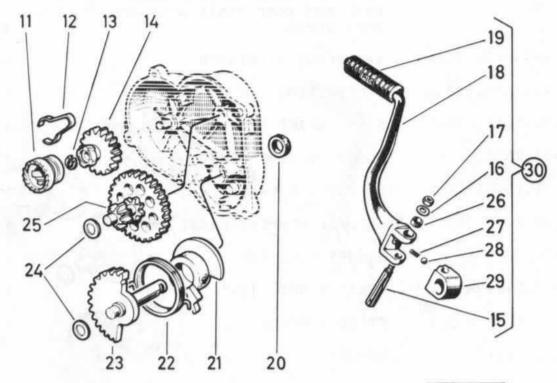


MX/12/2 US.

# 4. GEARBOX, KICKSTARTER for 1-speed Automatic models

Ref No.	Part- No.	Description Requ	ired No.
1	900.4616	SNAP RING Sg 16x1 DIN 471	2
2	349.1.13.113.1	GEARBOX CHAIN SPROCKET (13 teeth)	1
2	349.1.13.112.1	GEARBOX CHAIN SPROCKET (12 teeth) as	reqd.
3	901.3801	SEAL RING BA 40/17/7 DIN 3760	1
4	901.4656	RETAINING RING SP 40 DIN 5417	1
5	900.6203	DEEP ROW BALL BEARING 40/17/12 6203 DIN 625	1
6	900.4617	SNAP RING Sg 17x1 DIN 471	1
8	349.2.13.320.0	PRIMARY DRIVE compl. (21, 106 teeth)	
		(consisting of clutch drum bearing bush and gear shaft with pressed-on gear wheel)	1
9		see group 3. clutch	-
11	349.1.13.328.1	TAPPET RING	1
12	329.1.13.034.1	START BRAKE SPRING	1
13	901.4668	SEEGER V-RING 12×1V	1
14	349.1.13.327.1	DRIVER (18 teeth)	1
15	364.2.13.342.1	KEY for starter pedal 48mm long	1
16	900.3926	WASHER 6,5/14/2	1
17	900.2909	HEXAGON NUT: 1/4"	1
18	411.1.13.040.1	STARTER PEDAL	1
19	51.1.1337	RUBBER	1
20	902.3832	SEAL RING A16x25x7	1
21	349.2.13.338.1	SPRING GUIDE	1

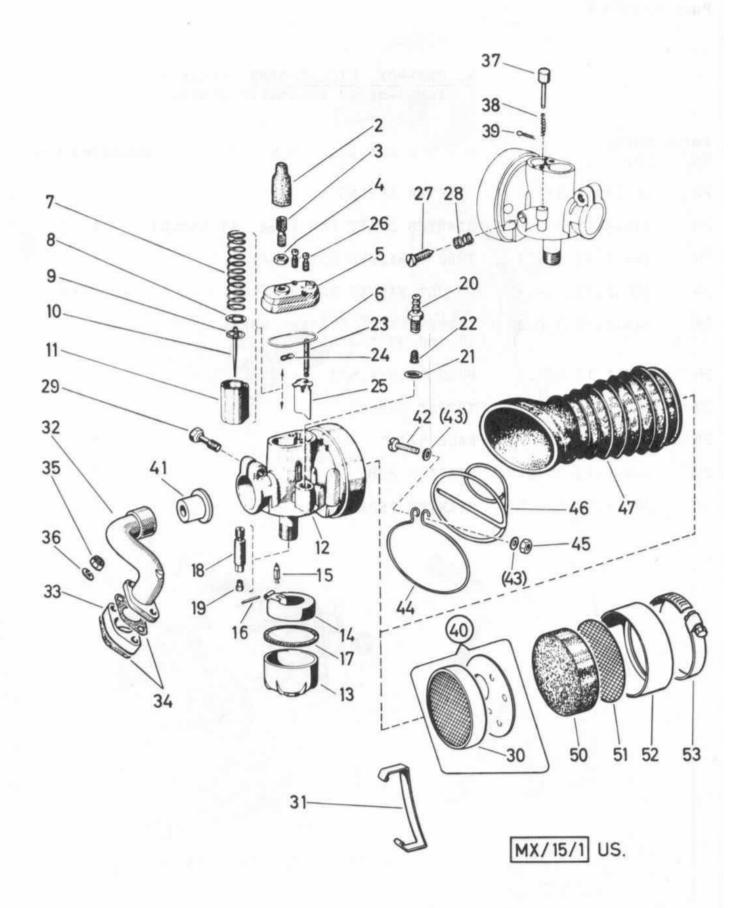




MX/12/2 US.

# 4. GEARBOX, KICKSTARTER (cont.) for 1-speed Automatic models

Ref	Part- No.	Description	Required No.
22	349.1.13.336.1	STARTER SPRING	1
23	349.3.13.332.2	STARTER SHAFT (84 long, 31 teeth	) 1
24	349.1.13.339.1	THRUST WASHER 22/14,1/1	2
24	349.2.13.339.1	THRUST WASHER 22/14,1/0,6	as reqd.
25	349.1.13.330.2	INTERMEDIATE STARTER WHEEL (8 and 30 teeth)	1
26	364.1.13.337.1	BUSH 12,5/9,5/7	1
27	250.1344	THRUST SPRING	1
28	22755	BALL 5/16"	1
29	364.1.13.341.1	STARTER HUB	1 1
30	368.1.13.840.0	STARTER PEDAL compl.	1



# 5. CARBURETOR

Ref	Part-	Description	Requi	red	No.
	368.4.15.200.0/84	CARBURETOR compl. (without air fi Bing 1/17/169, Jet-No.84	lter)	1	
2	337.1.15.120.1	COVERING SOCKET		1	
3	328.1.15.020.1	CABLE ADJUSTING SCREW (M6x0,75)		1	
4	26779	NUT BM6x0,75, similar DIN 934		1	
5	362.1.15.019.2	CARBURETOR HEAD		1	
6	362.1.15.029.1	GASKET for carburetor head		1	
7	362.1.15.031.1	THRUST SPRING for throttle slide		1	
8	362.1.15.014.1	WASHER dia.13x0,5		1	
9	362.1.15.013.1	CLAMPING SPRING		1	
10	368.1.15.816.1	JET NEEDLE (40 long) No.1		1	
11	362.1.15.015.1**	THROTTLE SLIDE No.2		1	
12		CARBURETOR BODY (will not to give off loose!)		Ĺ	
13	362.1.15.024.1	FLOAT CHAMBER		1	
14	362.2.15.025.2	RING FLOAT		1	
15	362.2.15.026.2	FLOAT NEEDLE (with Viton top)		1	
16	362.1.15.027.1	PIN for ring float (dia.1,5x17)		1	
17	362.1.15.028.1	GASKET for float chamber 45/41/1,5		1	
18	362.1.15.008.1/20	NEEDLE-JET No.2,20		1	
19	362.1.15.009.1/84	MAIN-JET No.84		1	
19	362.1.15.009.1/	*MAIN-JET No*	as	req	ıd.

<sup>\*</sup> please indicate number of jet
\*\* please indicate engraved number